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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/510,937	02/22/2000	Carey V. Campbell	MP/55G	2961
75	90 04/22/2004		EXAMINER	
WAYNE D. HOUSE W.L. GORE & ASSOCIATES, INC.			NOLAN, SANDRA M	
551 PAPER MILL ROAD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. BOX 9206 NEWARK, DE 19714-9206			1772	
			DATE MAILED: 04/22/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/510,937	CAMPBELL ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
*	Sandra M. Nolan	1772	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, at If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of the riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC atule, cause the application to become a	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0	4 February 2004.		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ ⁻	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und	·	·	\$
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b)☐ objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	•	-,, -	d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents. * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in priority documents have bee reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
) 🗵 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	[7]	o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 1772

DETAILED ACTION

Claims

1. Claims 1-20 are pending. Claims 21-28 have been cancelled.

Withdrawal of Allowance

2. The allowance of claims 1-9 is herby withdrawn in order to apply the new grounds of rejection set out below.

Rejections Withdrawn

3. The 35 USC 112 rejection of claims 10-20, as expressed in sections 12 and 13 of the 04 August 2003 office action, are hereby withdrawn in response to applicants' arguments in their 04 February 2004 response.

Abstract

4. The abstract submitted with the 04 February 2004 response is acceptable.

New Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 2 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "fluorinated ethylene propylene" is indefinite. Do applicants employ these monomers as coatings?

Please clarify.

Art Unit: 1772

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 9. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasprzyk et al (WO 90/14046) in view of Gore (US 4,187,390) and House et al (US-4,877,661).

Kasprzyk teaches catheters (title) containing TEFLON tubing in interlayers (page 13, lines 19-22). The catheters have inelastic balloons (page 4, line10).

TEFLON is the well-known trademark for polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE).

Kasprzyk fails to teach the use of adhesives, PTFE material that contains nodes connected by fibrils, PTFE/PTFE structure or continuous coating.

Gore teaches the production of tubes and laminates using PTFE (col. 17, lines 55-57) material that contains nodes connected by fibrils (abstract). The PTFE material

Art Unit: 1772

can be bonded to itself or to other materials by applying bonding agents thereto (col. 5, lines 48-54). Articles made of Gore's material have high strength properties (abstract).

The term "bonding agents" is deemed synonymous with adhesives.

House teaches that PTFE materials having nodes and fibrils therein are useful in medical applications because they recovery rapidly (abstract). The materials' recovery properties permit them to undergo repeated applications of tensile loads (col. 2, lines 45-49).

The Kasprzyk, Gore and House references are analogous because they all deal with PTFE materials.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made to employ the PTFE materials of Gore in the catheters of Kasprzyk, as suggested by House, in order to make the catheters strong (per Gore) and capable or withstanding repeated applications of tensile loads (per House).

The motivation to employ the PTFE materials of Gore in the catheters of Kasprzyk, as suggested by House, is found in Gore's abstract and at col. 2, lines 45-49 of House.

It is deemed desirable to make catheters that have good strength/tensile properties so that they will be durable when used.

The selection of suitable adhesives, such as thermoplastics and/or fluorinated copolymer adhesives, is deemed a matter of optimization of properties. Note that Gore teaches, at col. 17, lines 55-60, that copolymers of fluorinated propylene are among the types of polymers that he may use to make his materials.

Art Unit: 1772

The use of a continuous coating of adhesive when making the catheters suggested by the combination of Kasprzyk, Gore and House is deemed an obvious way of producing uniform coatings on the Gore materials.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicants' arguments with respect to claims 10-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Sandra M. Nolan, whose telephone number is 571/272-1495. She can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, from 6:30 am to 4:00 pm, Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, her supervisor, Harold Pyon, can be reached at 571/272-1498.

The fax number for patent application documents is 703/872-9306.

S. M. Nolan

Primary Examiner

S.M. Nola

Technology Center 1700

SMN/smn 09510937(20040417)